



Grant Thornton

Puerto Rico Maritime Shipping Authority

(A Component Unit of the
Commonwealth of Puerto Rico)

*BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION*

June 30, 2025

With Independent Auditors' Report

PUERTO RICO MARITIME SHIPPING AUTHORITY
(A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico)

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of
Puerto Rico Maritime Shipping Authority:

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Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the General Fund of the Puerto Rico Maritime Shipping Authority (the "Authority") as of June 30, 2025 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Authority, as of June 30, 2025, and the changes in its financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Authority and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Substantial Doubt About the Authority's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Authority will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 3 to the basic financial statements, the Authority has been practically inactive since 1995 and its role limited only to processing the remaining legal requirements regarding its former operations. The Authority also has no cash balance as of June 30, 2025, and only has a claim of \$1.2 million against the Public Entity Trust (PET), which recovery is contingent on the realization of certain underlying assets of the PET. The ultimate realization of the PET assets is highly uncertain.

Also, the Authority currently does not have or is not expected to have enough liquid financial resources to meet its obligations for pension and postemployment benefit to its retirees, without receiving recurrent assignments of funds from the Puerto Rico Legislature or from other governmental entities to finance its operations.

These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Basic Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the basic financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the basic financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the basic financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the basic financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the basic financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the information listed under Required Supplementary Information in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Grant Thornton Puerto Rico LLP

San Juan, Puerto Rico,
May 18, 2026.



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Puerto Rico Maritime Shipping Authority

PUERTO RICO MARITIME SHIPPING AUTHORITY
(A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

This section represents management's discussion and analysis of the Puerto Rico Maritime Shipping Authority's (the "Authority") financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, and is presented as a narrative overview and analysis in conjunction with the basic financial statements.

1. Financial Highlights

The Authority's net deficit decreased by approximately \$12 thousand during fiscal year 2025. The decrease in net deficit is mostly attributed to the change of estimate of the total proportional share of Total Pension Liability and Total Other Post Employment Benefits which resulted in a pension expense benefit amounting to approximately \$13 thousand.

2. Financial Statements Overview

The financial statements include management's discussion and analysis section, the independent auditors' report, and the basic financial statements of the Authority. The financial statements also include notes that explain in more detail some of the information in the financial statements. The Authority's basic financial statements comprise three components: a) government-wide financial statements, b) fund financial statements, and c) notes to the basic financial statements.

The basic financial statements include a section of required supplementary information (unaudited) immediately following its notes. This section includes information of the proportionate share of collective total pension liability and the total other postemployment benefits liability and related ratios from June 30, 2019 to June 30, 2025.

3. Required Financial Statements

The statement of net position provides information about the nature and amounts of the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the net balance representing its net deficit. Revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities. This statement measures the results of the Authority's operations during the reporting period.

Governmental funds financial statements present the financial position and results of operations of governmental fund types using current financial resources measurement focus. The statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in Deficit can be used to determine, for example, whether and how the Authority met its debt service requirements for the year.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

4. Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The statement of net deficit and the statement of activities report information about the Authority's activities in a way that will help determine whether the Authority is better or worse financially because of this fiscal year's activities. Both statements present the net deficit of the Authority as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, and the changes from the prior year. Over time, increases or decreases in the Authority's net deficit are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, one will need to consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, and new or changed government legislation.

Condensed statements of net deficit as of June 30, 2025 and 2024 are presented below (in thousands):

	June 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	Amount	Percent
Assets-Current assets	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	0.00%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 201</u>	<u>\$ 274</u>	<u>\$ (73)</u>	(26.64)%
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	2,125	1,933	192	9.93 %
Non-current liabilities	<u>1,406</u>	<u>1,456</u>	<u>(50)</u>	(3.43)%
Total Liabilities	<u>3,531</u>	<u>3,389</u>	<u>142</u>	4.19 %
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>-</u>	<u>227</u>	<u>(227)</u>	(100.00)%
Net Deficit	<u>\$ (3,330)</u>	<u>\$ (3,342)</u>	<u>\$ 12</u>	(0.36)%

The decrease in deferred outflows of resources of \$73 thousand is related to the change in proportionate share of the pension and other postemployment benefits.

Total liabilities net increase of \$142 thousand when compared to the previous year is related to the change in the proportional share of the total pension liability and total other postemployment benefits, offset by the increase in due to Commonwealth of \$201 thousands as a result of the pension and other post-employment payments made by the Commonwealth subsequent to the measurement date on behalf of the Authority.

The decrease of approximately \$227 thousand in the deferred inflows of resources was also related to the accounting and financial reporting of the proportionate share of the related liabilities of pension.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Condensed program revenues, expenses, and change in net deficit for the year ended June 30, 2025, and 2024 are presented below (in thousands):

	Year Ended June 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	Amount	Percent
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Program Revenues - Contribution from				
Government Development Bank	\$ 7	\$ 8	\$ (1)	(12.50)%
Expenses (credit):				
Pension and other postemployment benefits credit	(13)	(1,572)	1,559	(99.17)%
Other expenses	8	8	-	0.00%
Total expenses (credit)	(5)	(1,564)	1,559	(99.68)%
Change in net deficit	12	1,572	(1,560)	(99.24)%
Net Deficit, Beginning of year	(3,342)	(4,914)	1,572	(31.99)%
Net Deficit, End of year	<u>\$ (3,330)</u>	<u>\$ (3,342)</u>	<u>\$ 12</u>	(0.36)%

Comparative statements of net deficit show the change in financial position of the Authority, and the statements of activities provide guidance as to the nature and source of these changes.

The net deficit decreased by approximately \$12 thousand principally related to the recognition of pension and other postemployment benefits credit of \$13 thousand during the year.

5. Governmental Fund Financial Statements Analysis

The Authority has one fund which is the general fund. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as government-wide financial statements. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in Deficit. The governmental fund deficit as of June 30, 2025, and June 30, 2024, amounted to approximately \$1.9 million and \$1.7 million, respectively, an increase caused mainly by the pension and other post-employment benefit expenditures of \$201 thousands incurred during the year.

6. Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide all interested parties with a general overview of the Authority's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Puerto Rico Maritime Shipping Authority, PO Box 42001, San Juan, Puerto Rico, 00940-2001.

PUERTO RICO MARITIME SHIPPING AUTHORITY
(A Component Unit of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico)

STATEMENT OF NET DEFICIT
JUNE 30, 2025

Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Pension related	\$ 197,025
Other postemployment benefits related	4,200
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>201,225</u>
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	<u>201,225</u>

Liabilities

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable	8,375
Due to Commonwealth of Puerto Rico	1,914,926
Total pension liability	197,025
Total other postemployment benefits liability	4,200
Total current liabilities	<u>2,124,526</u>

Non-Current liabilities

Total pension liability	1,355,050
Total other postemployment benefits liability	51,266
Total non-current liabilities	<u>1,406,316</u>
Total liabilities	<u>3,530,842</u>

Net Deficit - unrestricted	<u><u>\$ (3,329,617)</u></u>
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See accompanying notes to basic financial statements

PUERTO RICO MARITIME SHIPPING AUTHORITY
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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues, Operating Grants and Contributions	Net Expenses and Change in Net Deficit
Governmental Activities:			
Contribution from Government Development Bank	\$ -	\$ 6,988	\$ 6,988
Other expenses	7,620	-	(7,620)
Pension and other postemployment benefits credit, net	(13,075)	-	13,075
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ (5,455)</u>	<u>6,988</u>	<u>12,443</u>
Net Deficit, Beginning of year			<u>(3,342,060)</u>
Net Deficit, End of year			<u><u>\$ (3,329,617)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

PUERTO RICO MARITIME SHIPPING AUTHORITY
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BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND
JUNE 30, 2025

	<u>General Fund</u>
Assets	
None	\$ -
Total assets	<u>\$ -</u>
Liabilities and Fund Deficit	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 8,375
Due to Commonwealth of Puerto Rico	1,914,926
Total liabilities	<u>1,923,301</u>
Fund Deficit	
Unassigned	<u>(1,923,301)</u>
Total fund deficit	<u>(1,923,301)</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Deficit	<u>\$ -</u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

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RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF NET DEFICIT
JUNE 30, 2025

Total fund deficit - governmental fund	\$ (1,923,301)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net deficit are different because deferred outflows of resources do not constitute current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements	
Other postemployment benefits	4,200
Pension related	197,025
Liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements	
Total pension liability	(1,552,075)
Total other postemployment benefits liability	<u>(55,466)</u>
Net deficit of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ (3,329,617)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

PUERTO RICO MARITIME SHIPPING AUTHORITY
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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND DEFICIT - GOVERNMENTAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	<u>General Fund</u>
Revenues	
Contribution from Government Development Bank	\$ 6,988
Total revenues	<u>6,988</u>
Expenditures	
Other expenses	7,620
Pension and other postemployment benefits	201,225
Total expenditures	<u>208,845</u>
Net Change in Fund Deficit	(201,857)
Fund Deficit, Beginning of year	<u>(1,721,444)</u>
Fund Deficit, End of year	<u><u>\$ (1,923,301)</u></u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

PUERTO RICO MARITIME SHIPPING AUTHORITY
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**RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND
DEFICIT - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Net changes in fund deficit - governmental fund	\$ (201,857)
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Some benefits reported in the statement of activities do not involve the receipt of resources; therefore, are not reported as revenues in the governmental fund	13,075
Governmental funds report pension and other post-employment benefits as expenditures; however, these benefits represent reductions to the pension and other post-employment benefit liability, hence, not reported in the statement of activities	<u>201,225</u>
Change in Net Deficit of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ 12,443</u></u>

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

PUERTO RICO MARITIME SHIPPING AUTHORITY
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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

1. REPORTING ENTITY

The Puerto Rico Maritime Shipping Authority (the Authority) is a component unit of the Commonwealth, created by Act No. 62 of the Legislature of the Commonwealth on June 10, 1974 (Act 62), and an affiliate of the Government Development Bank (GDB), another component unit of the Commonwealth.

On March 23, 2018, GDB's management initiated an orderly wind down process, which included a restructuring of GDB's debts pursuant to a Qualifying Modification under Title VI of PROMESA (the GDB Qualifying Modification). On November 6, 2018, the United States District Court for the District of Puerto Rico approved GDB Qualifying Modification, which became effective on November 29, 2018. Subsequent to the wind down of operations of GDB, management, administrative and accounting support services are provided to the Authority by the Puerto Rico Fiscal Agency and Financial Authority ("FAFAA").

On June 16, 1993, the Governor of Puerto Rico issued the Executive Order OE-1993-25, formally recommending efforts be initiated conducive to the sale of the Authority's operations. Pursuant to the authority conferred by this Executive Order, on March 3, 1995, the Authority sold certain assets to a private party. The operations of the Authority after the sale have been limited to processing the remaining legal requirements regarding its former operations, principally in connection with the Public Finance Corporation (PFC) Notes, which have been already discharged.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting and reporting policies of the Authority conform to Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governments, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Specifically, the Authority has adopted GASB Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The objective of this Statement is to identify—in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment— the hierarchy of GAAP. The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative, and non-authoritative literature if the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP.

Below is a description of the more significant accounting policies followed by the Authority:

Government-Wide Financial Statements —The statement of net deficit and the statement of activities report information on all activities of the Authority. Only governmental activities are presented in the Authority's financial statements. Governmental activities are financed through intergovernmental revenue and occasionally other financing sources.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Following is a description of the Authority's government-wide financial statements:

- The statement of net deficit presents the Authority's assets, deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference reported as net deficit.
- The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable within a specific function. Program revenues often include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational, or capital requirements of a particular function. Other items not meeting the definition of program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Governmental Fund's Financial Statements – Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance, and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. All of the financial activities of the Authority have been classified as governmental, and all funds are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Fund balances for each governmental fund may be displayed in the following classifications depicting the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- ***Non-spendable*** – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- ***Restricted*** – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constraints imposed by external providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- ***Committed*** – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority.
- ***Assigned*** – amounts the government intends to use for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- ***Unassigned*** – amounts that are available for any purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, and then, unrestricted resources, as needed.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation:

Government-Wide Financial Statements – The Authority's financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus, and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all of the eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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The statement of net position (deficit) presents the Authority's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position (deficit).

Net position (deficit) is reported in three categories:

- ***Net investment in capital assets*** - consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets, if any. The Authority has no investment in capital assets.
- ***Restricted*** - results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, contributors, and the like, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, and the unrestricted resources, as needed.
- ***Unrestricted*** - consists of net position (deficit) that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net deficit often is designated to indicate that management does not consider it to be available for general operations. Unrestricted net deficit often has constraints on resources, which are imposed by management, but can be removed or modified.

Governmental Fund's Financial Statements — The governmental fund's financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus, and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when it is collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Authority considers revenues to be available if they are to be collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred. An exception to this general rule includes principal and interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due, including principal and interest due on July 1 of the following fiscal year, if resources are available for its payment as of June 30, 2025.

The financial activities of the Authority that are reported in the accompanying basic financial statements have been classified into the following major governmental fund:

- ***General Fund*** - The general fund is the general operating fund of the Authority that is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Use of Estimates — The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources — In addition to assets, the statement of net deficit will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net deficit that applies to a future period(s), and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. On the government-wide financial statements, there are two major captions that qualify for reporting in this category: (i) pension-related items; and (ii) other postemployment benefit related items. Of the pension-related items (further disclosed in Note 8), changes in assumptions were capitalized, and recognized over a period equal to the expected remaining working lifetime of active and inactive participants, while changes in proportion were recognized over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all plan members, which is 6 years for 2019 (measurement date). As of June 30, 2025, there are no more deferred outflows of resources related to changes in assumptions and proportions. Pension benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total pension liability after the next measurement date. Of the other postemployment benefit related items (further disclosed in Note 9), only other postemployment benefit payments made subsequent to the measurement date are presented as a deferred outflow item, which will be recognized as a reduction of the other postemployment benefit liability after the next measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net deficit will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net deficit and resources that applies to a future period(s), and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. On the government-wide financial statements, as of June 30, 2025, there are no deferred inflows or resources related to changes in assumptions, and differences between expected and actual experience (further disclosed in note 8).

Accounting for Pensions Cost — Effective July 1, 2017, a new “pay-as-you-go” (Pay-Go) system was enacted into law by Act No. 106 of 2017 (Act 106-2017), significantly reforming the defined benefit plan (the Plan) of the Employees’ Retirement System of the Government of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (ERS). Under the Pay-Go system, employers’ contributions and other contributions ordered by special laws, were all eliminated and substantially all the assets of the Plan were liquidated, and its proceeds transferred to the Commonwealth’s General Fund for payment of pension benefits; therefore, since the enactment of Act 106-2017, the Commonwealth’s General Fund makes direct payments to the pensioners and is then reimbursed for those payments by the participating employers.

As a result of the implementation of the Pay-Go system, the Authority started to applying the guidance of GASB Statement No. 73, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets that are not within the Scope of GASB Statement No 68, an amendments of Certain Provisions of GASB Statements No. 67 and 68* (GASB Statement 73). Statement No. 73 maintains the “accrual basis” model under Statement 68, where the Total Pension Liability is actuarially determined. GASB Statement No. 73 requires a liability for pension obligations, known as the Total Pension Liability, to be recognized on the balance sheets of participating employers. Changes in Total Pension Liability are immediately recognized as pension expenses. As Act 106-2017 eliminated all contribution requirements for the Plan and converted it into a Pay-Go system while the corresponding actuarial calculation of the total pension liability and related accounts changed to one based on benefit payments rather than contributions. As a result, the Authority recognizes a

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Total Pension Liability, pension expenses and related accounts, accordingly. Further details on the accounting for pension costs are disclosed in Note 8.

The Central Government and its component units are considered to be one employer and are classified for financial reporting purposes as a single employer defined benefit pension plan. Other employers also participate in the Plan. Because certain employers that are component units of the Commonwealth, such as the Authority, prepare individual financial statements, a proportionate share of pension related amounts is determined for these employers. Statement No. 73 requires that such proportionate share should be consistent with the manner in which amounts that are paid as benefits come due are determined. The proportionate share as of each measurement date is based on the ratio of each agency, and component unit's actual benefit payments to the total actual benefit payments paid during the year ending on the measurement date.

ERS elected to use July 1 of each fiscal year as the measurement date for financial information. Based on this election, the June 30, 2024, actuarial measurement data was used for the pension benefits financial reporting recognition, as of, and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

The Authority's pension benefit credit for the year ended June 30, 2025, amounted to approximately \$13,000, and the Total Pension Liability, as of June 30, 2025, amounted to approximately \$1.6 million. Disclosures required under GASB Statement No. 73 can be found in Note 8.

Other Postemployment Benefits — The Authority accounts for postemployment benefit costs other than pensions (OPEB) under the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended by GASB Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017*, which also requires additional reporting, and disclosures for OPEB benefits provided through the ERS sponsored Medical Insurance Plan Contribution (ERS MIPC). GASB Statement No. 75 requires a liability for OPEB obligations, known as the Net OPEB Liability (Total OPEB Liability for unfunded plans), to be recognized on the balance sheets of participating employers. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Total OPEB Liability for unfunded plans) are immediately recognized as OPEB expenses.

GASB Statement No. 75 employs an "accrual basis" model, where the total OPEB obligation (actuarially determined) is compared to the plan net position and the difference represents the Net OPEB Liability (Total OPEB Liability for unfunded plans). Further details on the accounting for OPEB costs are disclosed in Note 9.

The Central Government and its component units are considered to be one employer. Other employers also participate in the ERS OPEB Plan. Because certain employers that are component units of the Commonwealth, such as the Authority, prepare individual financial statements, a proportionate share or OPEB expense is determined for these employers. Statement No. 75 requires that such proportionate share should be consistent with the manner in which amounts that are paid as benefits come due are determined. The proportionate share as of each measurement date is based on the ratio of each agency and component unit's actual benefit payments to the total actual benefit payments paid during the year ending on the measurement date.

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Because all participants in the ERS OPEB plan are inactive, there are no deferred inflows and outflows as any changes due to changes in actuarial assumptions or economic or demographic gains and losses are recognized immediately during the measurement year. However, a deferred outflow has been recognized only for the amount of the benefit payments made by the Commonwealth on behalf of the Authority subsequent to the measurement date amounting to \$4,200.

ERS elected to use July 1 of each fiscal year as the measurement date for financial information. Based on this election, the June 30, 2024, actuarial measurement data was used for the OPEB financial reporting recognition as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

The Authority's annual OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2025, amounted to \$1,055 and the OPEB liability as of June 30, 2025, amounted to \$55,466. Disclosures required under GASB Statement No. 75 can be found in Note 9.

GASB Statement No. 75 requires certain disclosures if an actuarially determined contribution has been calculated.

Encumbrances — Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for expenditures are recorded to reflect the use of the applicable spending appropriations, is used by the General Fund during the fiscal year to control expenditures. The unencumbered balance of any appropriation of the General Fund at the end of the fiscal year lapses immediately.

New Accounting Standards Adopted

During the fiscal year ended on June 30, 2025, certain governmental accounting pronouncements became effective, none of which had any impact in the results of the operations, or in the presentation of the financial statements of the Authority.

Accounting Pronouncements Issued But Not Yet Effective

- (a) **GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*** - The objective of this Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability.

Management's Discussion and Analysis - This Statement continues the requirement that the basic financial statements be preceded by management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), which is presented as required supplementary information (RSI). MD&A provides an objective and easily readable analysis of the government's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions and presents comparisons between the current year and the prior year. This Statement requires that the information presented in MD&A be limited to the related topics discussed in five sections: (1) Overview of the Financial Statements, (2) Financial Summary, (3) Detailed Analyses, (4) Significant Capital Asset and Long-Term Financing Activity, and (5) Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions.

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Unusual or Infrequent Items - This Statement describes unusual or infrequent items as transactions and other events that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Furthermore, governments are required to display the inflows and outflows related to each unusual or infrequent item separately as the last presented flow(s) of resources prior to the net change in resource flows in the government-wide, governmental fund, and proprietary fund statements of resource flows.

Presentation of the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - This Statement requires that the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position continue to distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenues and expenses. Operating revenues and expenses are defined as revenues and expenses other than nonoperating revenues and expenses. Nonoperating revenues and expenses are defined as (1) subsidies received and provided, (2) contributions to permanent and term endowments, (3) revenues and expenses related to financing, (4) resources from the disposal of capital assets and inventory, and (5) investment income and expenses.

Major Component Unit Information - This Statement requires governments to present each major component unit separately in the reporting entity's statement of net position and statement of activities if it does not reduce the readability of the statements. If the readability of those statements would be reduced, combining statements of major component units should be presented after the fund financial statements.

Budgetary Comparison Information - This Statement requires governments to present budgetary comparison information using a single method of communication—RSI. Governments also are required to present (1) variances between original and final budget amounts and (2) variances between final budget and actual amounts. An explanation of significant variances is required to be presented in notes to RSI.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

- (b) ***GASB Statement No. 104, Disclosures of Certain Capital Assets*** -This Statement requires certain types of capital assets to be disclosed separately in the capital assets note disclosures required by Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments*. Lease assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 87, *Leases*, and intangible right-to-use assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, should be disclosed separately by major class of underlying asset in the capital as-sets note disclosures. Subscription assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, also should be separately disclosed. In addition, this Statement requires intangible assets other than those three types to be disclosed separately by major class.

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This Statement also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. A capital asset is a capital asset held for sale if (a) the government has decided to pursue the sale of the capital asset and (b) it is probable that the sale will be finalized within one year of the financial statement date. Governments should consider relevant factors to evaluate the likelihood of the capital asset being sold within the established time frame. This Statement requires that capital assets held for sale be evaluated each reporting period. Governments should disclose (1) the ending balance of capital assets held for sale, with separate disclosure for historical cost and accumulated depreciation by major class of asset, and (2) the carrying amount of debt for which the capital assets held for sale are pledged as collateral for each major class of asset.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

- (c) **GASB Statement No. 105, *Subsequent Events*** - The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the financial reporting requirements for subsequent events, thereby enhancing consistency in their application and better meeting the information needs of financial statement users.

This Statement defines subsequent events as transactions or other events that occur after the date of the financial statements but before the date the financial statements are available to be issued. This Statement describes the date the financial statements are available to be issued as the date at which (1) the financial statements are complete in a form and format that complies with generally accepted accounting principles and (2) approvals necessary for issuance have been obtained. That definition modifies the subsequent events time frame throughout the GASB literature. This Statement also requires the date through which subsequent events have been evaluated to be disclosed.

This Statement clarifies the subsequent events that constitute recognized and non-recognized events and establishes specific note disclosure requirements for non-recognized events.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2026, and all reporting periods thereafter. Earlier application is encouraged.

Management is evaluating the impact that these Statements will have on the Authority's basic financial statements.

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3. GOING CONCERN

As described in Note 1, the operations of the Authority have been practically inactive since 1995 and its role limited only to processing the remaining legal requirements regarding its former operations.

The Authority has no cash balance as of June 30, 2025. The Authority held deposits at GDB of approximately \$1.2 million, and a custodial credit loss on these deposits was recorded in previous years resulting in an impairment of the entire balance. As a result of the execution of the GDB Qualifying Modification, the Authority received beneficial units of the PET amounting to \$1.2 million in exchange for the deposits held at GDB. The units received and the custodial credit loss were reclassified to deposits claim receivable from PET, and into an impairment, with a net carrying amount of zero. The Authority's recovery of the PET units will depend on the payment of the claim filed in the Commonwealth's Title III case. For additional information on the PET Claim refer to Note 4.

Also, the Authority currently does not have or is not expected to have enough liquid financial resources to meet its obligations for pension and postemployment benefit to its retirees, without receiving recurrent assignments of funds from the Puerto Rico Legislature or from other governmental entities to finance its operations.

In light of the foregoing, management believes that there is substantial doubt about the Authority's ability to continue as a going concern.

4. CLAIM RECEIVABLE FROM PUBLIC ENTITY TRUST (PET)

On August 10, 2018, GDB commenced an action to restructure certain of its indebtedness pursuant to the GDB Qualifying Modification under Title VI of PROMESA. The United States District Court for the District of Puerto Rico approved the GDB Qualifying Modification on November 6, 2018, and the GDB Qualifying Modification became effective on November 29, 2018.

Pursuant to Act No. 109-2017, also known as the *Government Development Bank for Puerto Rico Debt Restructuring Act* (the GDB Restructuring Act), and the terms of the GDB Qualifying Modification, claims on account of deposits held by the Commonwealth and other public entities, including the Authority, were exchanged for beneficial units in the PET created pursuant to the GDB Restructuring Act. Specifically, under the provisions of the GDB Restructuring Act, on the closing date of the GDB Qualifying Modification, *i.e.*, November 29, 2018 (the Closing Date), the balance of liabilities owed between the Commonwealth and its agencies, instrumentalities and affiliates, including the Authority (each a Non-Municipal Government Entity) and GDB was determined by applying the outstanding balance of any deposits held at GDB in a Non-Municipal Government Entity's name against the outstanding balance of any loan of such Non-Municipal Government Entity owed to GDB, or of any bond or note of such Non-Municipal Government Entity held by GDB as of such date. Those Non-Municipal Government Entities having net claims against GDB, after giving effect to the foregoing adjustment, received their pro rata share of interests in the PET, which was deemed to be in full satisfaction of any and all claims such Non-Municipal Government Entity may have had against GDB.

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The Authority held deposits at GDB of approximately \$1.2 million, a custodial credit loss on these deposits was recorded in previous years resulting in an impairment of the entire balance as of June 30, 2019. As a result of the execution of the GDB Qualifying Modification, the Authority received beneficial units of the PET amounting to \$1.2 million in exchange for the deposits held at GDB. The deposit claim from PET and the custodial credit loss were reclassified to deposits claim receivable from PET and into an impairment, respectively, with a net carrying amount of zero.

The assets of the PET (the PET Assets) consist of, among other items, a claim in the amount of approximately \$578 million against the Commonwealth (the PET Claim), which is the subject of a proof of claim filed in the Commonwealth's Title III case. As of the date hereof, the Court has not determined if the PET Claim is an allowed claim that will be entitled to a distribution.

Also, the Commonwealth Plan of Adjustment discharged any claim related to budgetary appropriations, including appropriations for the repayment of certain loans held by the PET.

The Authority's recovery of the PET units will depend on the payment of the claim filed in the Commonwealth's Title III case. As a result, units received from the PET were considered fully impaired.

PET claim receivable and its corresponding impairment as of June 30, 2025, follows:

	Claim Balance	Impairment	Carrying Amount
PET Claim Receivable	<u>\$ 1,232,149</u>	<u>\$ (1,232,149)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

5. TRANSACTIONS WITH COMMONWEALTH

The Commonwealth has made Pay-Go pension related and other postemployment benefits payments on behalf of the Authority amounting to approximately \$197 thousand and \$4 thousand respectively. Accordingly, a due to the Commonwealth has been recorded in the fund financial statements because amounts were due and payable as of June 30, 2025.

6. RELATIONSHIP WITH FISCAL AGENCY AND FINANCIAL ADVISORY AUTHORITY (FAFAA)

The Puerto Rico Emergency Moratorium and Financial Rehabilitation Act, Act No. 21-2016 (the Moratorium Act), as amended, created the FAFAA as an independent public corporation to assume GDB's role as fiscal agent, financial advisor, and reporting agent for the Commonwealth and its instrumentalities. Act No. 2 of 2017 subsequently repealed and replaced the provisions of the Moratorium Act regarding FAFAA. FAFAA has also been assigned the tasks of overseeing matters related to the restructuring or adjustment of the Commonwealth's financial liabilities, coordinating liability management or other transactions with respect to such obligations, and ensuring compliance with fiscal plans and budgets approved by the Oversight Board pursuant PROMESA. During the year ended June 30, 2025, FAFAA provided certain management and administrative services to the Authority at no cost.

In addition, FAFAA has assumed the cost of certain professional services, including the annual fees for the external audit of the Authority which are reimbursed by the GDB to FAFAA. As a result, transaction was accounted for as contributions from GDB.

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7. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources for the year ended June 30, 2025, are summarized (in thousands) as follows:

<u>Deferred outflows of resources</u>	<u>Balance as of July 1, 2024</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Balance as of June 30, 2025</u>
Pension related	\$ 269	\$ 197	\$ (269)	\$ 197
Other postemployment benefits	5	4	(5)	4
Total	<u>\$ 274</u>	<u>\$ 201</u>	<u>\$ (274)</u>	<u>\$ 201</u>
 <u>Deferred inflows of resources</u>				
Pension related	\$ 228	\$ -	\$ (228)	\$ -
Total	<u>\$ 228</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (228)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

8. EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE GOVERNMENT OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO

Plan Description

The Defined Benefit Pension Plan for Participants of the Employees' Retirement System of the Government of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (the Plan) was created pursuant to Act No. 447 on May 15, 1951, as amended (Act No. 447) to provide pension and other benefits to retired employees of the Commonwealth, its public corporations, and municipalities. Prior to the effect of Act No. 106 of August 23, 2017 (Act No. 106-2017), the Plan was administered by ERS. Effective July 1, 2017, all employer contributions were eliminated pursuant to Act No. 106-2017, and the Commonwealth implemented a Pay-Go system for the payment of pensions. In addition, pursuant to Act No. 106-2017, ERS was required to liquidate its assets and transfer the net proceeds to the Department of Treasury of the Commonwealth to pay pension benefits.

Pension Benefits

The benefits provided to the Plan participants are established by Commonwealth law and may be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval, or by court decision.

The Modified Eight Amended Title III Joint Plan of Adjustment of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico (Commonwealth Plan of Adjustment) confirmed by the U.S. District Court for the District of Puerto Rico on January 18, 2022, eliminated several benefits to certain Plan participants. In summary, participants within benefits for System 2000 and Act 3 members, as previously defined, who were not in payment status as of March 15, 2022, were transferred out from Plan benefits. Also, eliminated future cost of living adjustments, and benefits to active members under the Act 127-1958 (members in high-risk positions).

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Plan participants within the System 2000, includes members hired on or after January 1, 2000 and on or before June 30, 2013 (defined contribution program). All regular employees hired for the first time on or after July 1, 2013, and former employees who participated in the defined benefit program and the System 2000 program, and were rehired on or after July 1, 2013, become members of the Contributory Hybrid Program as a condition to their employment. In addition, employees who at June 30, 2013, were participants of previous programs became part of the Contributory Hybrid Program on July 1, 2013. Also, Act No. 3 of April 4, 2013 (Act No. 3 of 2013) froze all retirements benefits accrued through June 30, 2013 under the defined benefit program and, thereafter, all future benefits accrued under the defined contribution formula used for the System 2000 program participants. Certain plan provisions are different for the two groups of members who entered the Plan prior to July 1, 2013, as described below:

- Members of Act No. 447 are generally those members hired before April 1, 1990 (contributory, defined benefit program).
- Members of Act No. 1 of February 16, 1990 (Act No. 1) are generally those members hired on or after April 1, 1990, and on or before December 31, 1999 (contributory, defined benefit program).

A summary of benefits and eligibility requirements is presented below:

(a) Service Retirement Eligibility Requirements

- (1) *Eligibility for Act No. 447 Members* - Act No. 447 members who were eligible to retire as of June 30, 2013 continue to be eligible to retire at any time. Prior to July 1, 2013, Act No. 447 members could retire upon (1) attainment of age 55 with 25 years of credited service, (2) attainment of age 58 with 10 years of credited service, (3) any age with 30 years of credited service, (4) for Public Officers in High Risk Positions (the Commonwealth Police and Firefighter Corps, the Municipal Police and Firefighter Corps and the Custody Office Corps), attainment of age 50 with 25 years of credited service, and (5), for Mayors of municipalities, attainment of age 50 with 8 years of credited service as a Mayor. In addition, Act No. 447 members who attained 30 years of credited service by December 31, 2013, are eligible to retire at any time.

Act No. 447 members who were not eligible to retire as of June 30, 2013 and did not attain 30 years of credited service by December 31, 2013 are eligible to retire with 10 years of credited service upon attainment of the retirement eligibility age shown in the table below.

<u>Date of birth</u>	<u>Attained age as of June 30, 2013</u>	<u>Retirement eligibility</u>
July 1, 1957 or later	55 or less	61
July 1, 1956 to June 30, 1957	56	60
Before July 1, 1956	57 and up	59

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In addition to the requirements of the table above, Act No. 447 Public Officers in High Risk Positions who were not eligible to retire as of June 30, 2013 and did not attain 30 years of credited service by December 31, 2013, are eligible to retire directly from active service upon the attainment of age 55 with 30 years of credited service.

- (2) Eligibility for Act No. 1 Members - Act No. 1 members who were eligible to retire as of June 30, 2013, continue to be eligible to retire at any time. Prior to July 1, 2013, Act No. 1 members could retire upon (1) attainment of age 55 with 25 years of credited service, (2) attainment of age 65 with 10 years of credited service, (3) for Public Officers in High-Risk Positions, any age with 30 years of credited service, and (4) for Mayors, attainment of age 50 with 8 years of credited service as a Mayor.

Act No. 1 members who were not eligible to retire as of June 30, 2013, are eligible to retire upon attainment of age 65 with 10 years of credited service. In addition, Act No. 1 Public Officers in High-Risk Positions who were not eligible to retire as of June 30, 2013, are eligible to retire directly from active service upon the attainment of age 55 with 30 years of credited service.

(b) Compulsory Retirement

All Act No. 447 and Act No. 1 Public Officers in High-Risk Positions must retire upon attainment of age 58 and 30 years of credited service. A two-year extension may be requested by the member from the Superintendent of the Puerto Rico Police, the Chief of the Firefighter Corps, or supervising authority as applicable.

(c) Service Retirement Annuity Benefits

An annuity payable for the lifetime of the member equal to the annuitized value of the balance in the Defined Contribution Hybrid Contribution Account at the time of retirement, plus, for Act No. 447 and Act No. 1 members, the accrued benefit determined as of June 30, 2013. If the balance in the Defined Contribution Hybrid Contribution Account is \$10,000 or less, it shall be paid as a lump sum instead of as an annuity.

- (1) Accrued Benefit as of June 30, 2013 for Act No. 447 Members - The accrued benefit as of June 30, 2013, shall be determined based on the average compensation, as defined, for Act No. 447 members, the years of credited service, and the attained age of the member all as of June 30, 2013. For Act No. 447 Mayors, the highest compensation, as defined, as a Mayor is determined as of June 30, 2013.

If the Act No. 447 member had at least 30 years of credited service as of June 30, 2013, the accrued benefit equals 65% of average compensation if the member was under age 55 as of June 30, 2013, or 75% of average compensation if the member was at least age 55 as of June 30, 2013. For participants selecting to coordinate with social security (the Coordination Plan), the benefit is re-calculated at the Social Security Retirement Age (SSRA), as defined, as 1.5% of average compensation up to \$6,600 multiplied by years of credited service, up to 30 years, plus 65% (75% if member was at least age 55 as of June 30, 2013) of average compensation in excess of \$6,600.

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If the Act No. 447 member had less than 30 years of credited service as of June 30, 2013, and attained 30 years of credited service by December 31, 2013, the accrued benefit equals 55% of average compensation if the member was under age 55 as of June 30, 2013, or 60% of average compensation if the member was at least age 55 as of June 30, 2013. For participants selecting the Coordination Plan, the benefit is re-calculated at SSRA as 1.5% of average compensation up to \$6,600 multiplied by years of credited service, up to 30 years, plus 55% (60% if member was at least age 55 as of June 30, 2013) of average compensation in excess of \$6,600. Member contributions received from Act No. 447 members eligible for this transitory benefit during the period beginning July 1, 2013 and ending upon the attainment of 30 years of credited service are considered pre-July 1, 2013 contributions; the contributions to the Defined Contribution Hybrid Contribution Account begin after the member attains 30 years of credited service.

If the Act No. 447 member had less than 30 years of credited service as of December 31, 2013, the accrued benefit equals 1.5% of average compensation multiplied by years of credited service up to 20 years, plus 2% of average compensation multiplied by years of credited service in excess of 20 years. Maximum benefit is 75% of average compensation. Except for Commonwealth Police and Commonwealth Firefighters, the benefit is actuarially reduced for each year payment commences prior to age 58. For participants selecting the Coordination Plan, the basic benefit is re-calculated at SSRA as 1% of average compensation up to \$6,600 multiplied by years of credited service up to 20 years, plus 1.5% of average compensation up to \$6,600 multiplied by years of credited service in excess of 20 years, plus 1.5% of average compensation in excess of \$6,600 multiplied by years of credited service up to 20 years, plus 2.0% of average compensation in excess of \$6,600 multiplied by years of credited service in excess of 20 years. Except for Police and Firefighters, the benefit is actuarially reduced for each year payment commences prior to age 58.

For Act No. 447 Mayors with at least 8 years of credited service as a mayor, the accrued benefit will not be less than 5% of highest compensation, as defined, as a Mayor for each year of credited service as a Mayor up to 10 years, plus 1.5% of highest compensation as Mayor for each year of non-Mayoral credited service up to 20 years, plus 2.0% of highest compensation as Mayor for each year of non-Mayoral credited service in excess of 20 years. Non-Mayoral credited service includes service earned as a Mayor in excess of 10 years. Maximum benefit is 90% of highest compensation as a Mayor.

- (2) Accrued Benefit as of June 30, 2013 for Act No. 1 Members - The accrued benefit as of June 30, 2013, shall be determined based on the average compensation for Act No. 1 members, the years of credited service, and the attained age of the member all as of June 30, 2013. For Act No. 1 Mayors, the highest compensation as a Mayor is determined as of June 30, 2013.

If the Act No. 1 member is a police officer or firefighter with at least 30 years of credited service as of June 30, 2013, the accrued benefit equals 65% of average compensation if the member was under age 55 as of June 30, 2013 or 75% of average compensation if the member was at least age 55 as of June 30, 2013.

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For all other Act No. 1 members, the accrued benefit equals 1.5% of average compensation multiplied by years of credited service. The benefit is actuarially reduced for each year payment commences prior to age 65.

For Act No. 1, Mayors with at least 8 years of credited service as a Mayor, the accrued benefit will not be less than 5% of highest compensation as a Mayor for each year of credited service as a Mayor up to 10 years, plus 1.5% of highest compensation as Mayor for each year of non-Mayoral credited service up to 20 years, plus 2.0% of highest compensation as Mayor for each year of non-Mayoral credited service in excess of 20 years. Non-Mayoral credited service includes service earned as a Mayor in excess of 10 years. Maximum benefit is 90% of highest compensation as a Mayor.

(d) Special Benefits

(1) Minimum Benefits

— Past Ad hoc Increases

—

The Legislature, from time to time, increases pensions for certain retirees as described in Act No. 124 approved on June 8, 1973 and Act No. 23 approved on September 23, 1983.

— Minimum Benefits for Members who retired before July 1, 2013 (Act No. 156 of 2004, Act No. 35 of 2007, and Act No. 3 of 2013)

The minimum monthly lifetime income for members who retired or became disabled before July 1, 2013, is \$500 per month effective July 1, 2013 (\$400 per month effective July 1, 2007 and \$300 per month up to June 30, 2007).

— Coordination Plan Minimum Benefit

A minimum monthly benefit is payable upon attainment of SSRA such that the benefit, when added to the Social Security Benefit, is not less than the benefit payable prior to SSRA.

(2) Special “Bonus” Benefits

— Christmas Bonus (Act No. 144, as Amended by Act No. 3)

An annual bonus of \$200 for each retiree, beneficiary, and disabled member paid in December provided the member retired prior to July 1, 2013.

— Medication Bonus (Act No. 155, as Amended by Act No. 3)

An annual bonus of \$100 for each retiree, beneficiary, and disabled member to cover health costs paid in July provided the member retired prior to July 1, 2013. Evidence of coverage is not required. The amount is prorated if there are multiple beneficiaries.

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(e) Change in Plan Provisions- Act 80-2020 Retirement Incentive

April 1, 2024, a partial implementation of Act 80-2020 was approved, providing an early retirement incentive for eligible government employees in non-essential positions. Eligible participants included Act 447 members with at least 20 years of service as of June 30, 2017, and Act 1 members with at least 15 years of service as of June 30, 2017.

Under this incentive, 1,129 employees retired early and began receiving a lifetime annual pension equal to 50% of the highest annual salary in the three years prior to retirement.

Allocation Methodology

GASB Statement No. 73 requires that the primary government and its component units that provide pension benefits through the same defined benefit pension plan to recognize their proportionate share of the total pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense (benefit). The proportionate share is based on the ratio of the total pension liability determined directly for each agency based on each agency's members to the total pension liability for all Central Government members as of the measurement date.

Total Pension Liability and Actuarial Information

The total pension liability was approximately \$1.6 million as of June 30, 2025. The total pension liability as of June 30, 2024 (the measurement date used for financial reporting for fiscal year 2025) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2024. The proportional share of the Total Pension Liability of the Authority was 0.00781%.

(a) Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial methods and assumptions applied to all periods in the measurement period:

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.93% as of June 30, 2024 (the measurement date). This rate represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Commonwealth. The source is the Bond Buyer General Obligation (GO) 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

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Mortality

The mortality tables used in the June 30, 2024 actuarial valuations were as follows:

— *Pre-retirement Mortality*

For general employees not covered under Act No. 127-1958, PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Rates were adjusted by 100% for males and 110% for females, projected to reflect Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2021 on a generational basis. For members covered under Act No. 127-, the PubS-2010 Employee Mortality Rates are assumed for males and females, projected to reflect Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2021 on a generational basis. As generational tables, they reflect mortality improvements both before and after the measurement date.

100% of deaths while in active service are assumed to be occupational for members covered under Act 127-1958.

— *Post-retirement Retiree Mortality*

Rates which vary by gender are assumed for healthy retirees and beneficiaries based on a study of the Plan's experience from 2013 to 2018 and updated expectations regarding future mortality improvement. The PubG-2010 healthy retiree rates were adjusted by 100% for males and 110% for females, projected to reflect Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2021 on a generational basis. As a generational table, it reflects mortality improvements both before and after the measurement date. This assumption is also used for beneficiaries prior to the member's death.

— *Post-retirement Disabled Mortality*

Rates which vary by gender are assumed for disabled retirees based on a study of the Plan's experience from 2013 to 2018 and updated expectations regarding future mortality improvement. The PubG-2010 disabled retiree rates were adjusted by 80% for males and 100% for females. The base rates are projected using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2021 on a generational basis. As a generational table, it reflects mortality improvements both before and after the measurement date.

— *Post-retirement Beneficiary Mortality*

Prior to retiree's death, beneficiary mortality is assumed to be the same as the post-retirement retiree mortality. For periods after the retiree's death, the PubG-2010(B) contingent survivor rates, adjusted by 110% for males and 120% for females, projected to reflect Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2021 on a generational basis. As a generational table, it reflects mortality improvements both before and after the measurement date.

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Other Assumptions as of June 30, 2024:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Actuarial assumptions:	
Inflation rate	Not applicable
Salary increases	3.00% per year. No compensation increases are assumed until July 1, 2022 as a result of Act No. 03-2017, four-year extension of Act No. 66-2014, and the current general economy

(b) Sensitivity of the Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.93%, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using the discount rate of one percentage point lower (2.93%) or one percentage-point higher (4.93%) than the current rate (dollars in thousands):

	<u>1% Decrease or (2.93%)</u>	<u>Current discount rate of (3.93%)</u>	<u>1% Increase or (4.93%)</u>
Total pension liability	\$ 1,721,317	\$ 1,552,075	\$ 1,408,881

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

As of June 30, 2025, there are no deferred outflows or inflows of resources (excluding employer-specific amounts related to pension benefit payments made by the Authority subsequent to the measurement date) related to pensions that will be recognized in pension expense in future years.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pension benefit payments made by the Authority subsequent to the measurement date which amounted to \$197,025 as of June 30, will be recognized as a reduction of the total pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2026. These amounts were paid on behalf of the Authority; therefore, a due to Commonwealth for the \$197,025 of such pension benefit payments was recognized accordingly during fiscal year 2025.

Pension Benefit

The pension benefit credit of the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2025, amounted to \$14,131.

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9. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Other Postemployment Benefit Plan of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico for Retired Participants of the ERS (the Plan) is an unfunded, defined benefit otherpostemployment healthcare benefit plan (OPEB). The Plan is administered on a pay-as-you-go basis. Accordingly, no assets are accumulated in a qualifying trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* (GASB Statement No. 75). Under the guidance of GASB Statement No. 75, the Commonwealth and its component units are considered to be one employer and are classified for financial reporting purposes as a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan.

The Plan covers a payment of up to \$100 per month to the eligible medical insurance plan selected by each member provided that the member retired prior to July 1, 2013 (Act No. 483, as amended by Act No. 3). The Plan is financed by the Commonwealth through legislative appropriations. There is no contribution requirement from the Plan members during active employment. The retirees contribute the amount of the healthcare insurance premium not covered by the Commonwealth contribution. Plan members were eligible for benefits upon reaching the applicable retirement age. Act No. 3 of 2013 eliminated this healthcare benefit to the Plan members that retired after June 30, 2013.

OPEB Liability Allocation Methodology

GASB Statement No. 75 requires that the primary government and its component units that provide OPEB benefits through the same defined benefit OPEB plan, recognize their proportionate share of the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense (benefit). Effective with the June 30, 2022 measurement date, the proportionate share as of each measurement date is based on the ratio of the total OPEB liability determined directly for each agency based on each agency's members to the total OPEB liability for all Central Government members as of the measurement date. Previously, the proportionate share as of each measurement date was based on the ratio of each agency's actual benefit payments to the total actual benefit payments paid during the year ending on the measurement date. Agency allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes; therefore, amounts presented in the schedule of OPEB amounts by agency may result in immaterial differences.

Total OPEB Liability and Actuarial Information

The total OPEB liability was \$55,466 as of June 30, 2025. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2025, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2024 (measurement date). The proportional share of the Total OPEB Liability of the Authority was 0.00931%.

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Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods in the measurement period.

Discount Rate

The discount rate for June 30, 2024, was 3.93%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the Commonwealth. The source is the Bond Buyer GO 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Mortality

Post-retirement Mortality

Rates which vary by gender are assumed for healthy retirees and beneficiaries based on a study of Plan's experience from 2013 to 2018 and updated expectations regarding future mortality improvement. The PubG-2010 healthy retiree rates, adjusted by 100% for males and 110% for females, projected using MP-2021 on a generational basis. As a generational table, it reflects mortality improvements both before and after the measurement date.

Post-retirement Disabled Mortality

Rates which vary by gender are assumed for disabled retirees based on a study of the Plan's experience from 2013 to 2018 and updated expectations regarding future mortality improvement. The PubG-2010 disabled retiree rates, adjusted by 80% for males and 100% for females. The base rates are projected using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2021 on a generational basis. As a generational table, it reflects mortality improvements both before and after the measurement date.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Plan at June 30, 2024, calculated using the discount rate of 3.93%, as well as the Plan's total OPEB liability if it were calculated using the discount rate of one percentage point lower (2.93%) or one percentage point higher (4.93%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease or (2.93%)	Current discount rate of (3.93%)	1% Increase or (4.93%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 59,986	\$ 55,466	\$ 51,509

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Change in Plan Provisions- Act 80-2020 Retirement Incentive

On April 1, 2024, a partial implementation of Act 80-2020 was approved, providing an early retirement incentive for eligible government employees in non-essential positions. Eligible participants included Act 447 members with at least 20 years of service as of June 30, 2017, and Act 1 members with at least 15 years of service as of June 30, 2017.

Under this incentive, 1,129 employees retired early and in addition to pension benefits became eligible for a \$100 per month reimbursement for health care coverage until age 62.

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Because all participants are inactive, there are no deferred outflows or inflows of resources as changes in actuarial assumptions, economic or demographic gains and losses, and changes in proportionate share are recognized immediately during the measurement year.

OPEB Expense

The OPEB benefit expense of the Authority for the year ended June 30, 2025, amounted to \$1,055.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events were evaluated through May 18, 2026, to determine if any such events should either be recognized or disclosed in the 2025 basic financial statements.

On May 18, 2026, Act No. 84, the “Law for the Reorganization of the Subsidiaries and Affiliates of the Government Development Bank for Puerto Rico”, was approved by the Governor of Puerto Rico. This Act repeals Law No. 62 of June 10, 1974, as amended, known as the “Law of the Shipping Authority”, and provides for other related purposes. Act No. 84 forgives the PayGo charge owed to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, amounting to approximately \$1.9 million, and provides for the dissolution of the Authority and the transfer of its remaining assets and liabilities to the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico General Fund.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
(UNAUDITED)**

PUERTO RICO MARITIME SHIPPING AUTHORITY
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Schedule of the Proportionate Share of Collective Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios
(Unaudited)
June 30, 2025

Description	2025*	2024*	2023*	2022*	2021*	2020*	2019*
Proportion of Total Pension Liability	0.00781%	0.00774%	0.00808%	0.01868%	0.02038%	0.02251%	0.02335%
Proportionate Share of Total Pension Liability	\$ 1,552,075	\$ 1,608,202	\$ 1,790,218	\$ 5,077,798	\$ 5,721,828	\$ 5,593,001	\$ 5,718,013
Covered - Employee Payroll	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Proportionate Share of Total Pension Liability as Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

*The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

*Currently there are no active participants in this plan. Therefore, the coverage payroll disclosure is omitted.

Fiscal year 2019 was the first year that the Authority transitioned from GASB No. 68 to No. GASB 73, as resulted of the PayGo implementation. This schedule is required to illustrate 10 years information. However, until a 10-year trend has been completed, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

See independent auditors' report on required supplementary information.

PUERTO RICO MARITIME SHIPPING AUTHORITY
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Schedule of Proportionate Share of Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios (Unaudited)
June 30, 2025

Description	2025*	2024*	2023*	2022*	2021*	2020*	2019*
Proportion of Total Other Post Employment Benefit Liability	0.00931%	0.00917%	0.00901%	0.01262%	0.01217%	0.01370%	0.01427%
Proportionate Share of Total Other Post Employment Benefit Liability	\$ 55,466	\$ 59,310	\$ 62,687	\$ 100,714	\$ 106,478	\$ 113,987	\$ 120,154
Covered - Employee Payroll			-	-	-	-	-
Proportionate Share of Total Other Post Employment Benefit Liability as Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

*The amounts presented have a measurement date of the previous fiscal year end.

*Currently there are no active participants in this plan. Therefore, the coverage payroll disclosure is omitted.

Fiscal year 2018 was the first year that the new requirements of GASB 75 were implemented at the Authority. This schedule is required to illustrate 10 years of information. However, until a 10-year period has been completed, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

See independent auditors' report on required supplementary information.